

**COMMUNICATION DEVICE FOR
EFFICIENTLY ACCESSING INTERNET RESOURCES**

BACKGROUND

The present invention is a system for permitting internet users to access network resources more efficiently. Particularly, the present invention is a system which uses unique individual identifiers, such as a phone number or facsimile number, as the primary search keyword to access internet resources and selectively access additional internet resources as desired by the individual. Using the system, an individual may also perform various functions such as placing a telephone call, or sending a fax or e-mail with a single selection (i.e., "one click"). This permits individuals to browse or otherwise "surf the net" faster.

The internet is a global computer network that connects all different types of operating systems and networks. It not only provides the physical backbone connections among networks, but also establishes the standard formats that enable different networks to communicate and share information. For example, the simple mail transfer protocol (SMTP) is the internet e-mail standard that specifies the format of a message, so that a user on one computer network may successfully transfer mail to a user on another network. Without the SMTP, different networks which create their own e-mail message formats could only be understood if the e-mail receiver used the same type of network as the sender, or the receiving network had a plurality of different e-mail format converters to interpret different formats of incoming e-mail messages.

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Each network e-mail application which uses the internet converts mail originating on the network from the format that the network uses into SMTP format before transmission over the internet, and each receiving e-mail application converts the SMTP formatted e-mail into its format. Therefore, instead of having many different types of e-mail message converters for each different e-mail format, different network e-mail applications can communicate using a single SMTP format converter. The same principle also be can applied to transferring data files among different networks.

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Electronic mail is the most widely used application on the internet. Each receiver has to have an unique internet e-mail address for proper e-mail delivery. An internet user typically establishes an e-mail address by subscribing to an internet service from an internet service provider (ISP) who provides the host and gateway functions to the internet for the user. An ISP can be a university, a government entity, a private corporation or a commercial service provider. The provider will assign each user a unique e-mail address. No two users should have the same e-mail address unless they desire to be treated as a single entity by the internet.

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~~Sub A~~ The characteristics of e-mail address syntax and structure are well defined. An e-mail address consists of a unique combination of several terms. For example, when John Smith signs up with America Online® (AOL) as his internet service provider, John Smith will select a first portion of his e-mail address and will be assigned a second portion of his e-mail address. If John Smith's e-mail address is JSMITH@aol.com; "aol" is the abbreviation of

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America Online; "com" indicates that America Online is a commercial website; and JSMITH is the local part of the e-mail address. E-mail that is sent to JSMITH@aol.com will first be forwarded to the host AOL domain, aol.com, and then AOL will further delivery the e-mail to the mailbox JSMITH. Although the domain part plus the local part of an e-mail address such as JSMITH@aol.com is a much easier format to memorize than the actual 32 bit internet mailbox address, (as dotted decimal notation 247.012.123.114), several difficulties still exist.

First, there is no consistent rule for naming a local part of a user's mailbox. In the AOL example, the local part is made of the first character of John's first name in combination with his last name, i.e., JSMITH. Once JSMITH is assigned to John on the aol.com domain, other John Smiths, a Joan Smith or a Joe Smith on the aol.com domain must choose a user name other than JSMITH to distinguish between themselves. Moreover, thousands of other ISPs use different ways to name their users' local part. It is almost impossible to guess the local part of a user even if his or her name is known. Non-alphanumeric characters, such as @, ^ or % could be used in the e-mail address. Foreign ISPs and foreign e-mail addresses can also have non-English characters. Accordingly, it is difficult for an internet user to memorize a plurality of different e-mail addresses.

In contrast, due to their ubiquitous use and uniformity, phone numbers and facsimile numbers consist of a universally accepted digital number scheme which makes the numbers easier to remember. Additionally, phone numbers and their owners are readily available

through many information sources including phone books, phone number CDs or even internet sites that provide such information.

There are several prior art systems which attempt to help an internet user access the address of other internet users more easily. For example, U.S. Patent No. 5,826,039 to Jones discloses a universal networking directory service. A sender provides information regarding a particular receiver, such as the person's name, city and the state of residency, and the system retrieves the receiver's proper internet address. The sender can then use this address to contact the receiver.

U.S. Patent No. 5,850,433 to Rondeau discloses an online electronic directory service. The service includes a dedicated server and a database similar to the paper yellow pages, which permit a user calling the database to be connected directly to the selected entity. A user can retrieve information from the database by entering different search parameters. Once the user reviews the results of the particular query and selects an entity, the server automatically places a telephone call to the select entity.

U.S. Patent No. 5,778,367 to Wesinger, Jr., et al discloses a directory service which lets each individual user forward information to be electronically published. The information is automatically classified and then stored in a database. Other users might then search the database by specifying different parameters including name, title, phone number, facsimile number and e-mail address. The users fill in information regarding their fields of

interest and the directory service returns entries having matching information for those fields.

U.S. Patent No. 5,590,178 to Murakane discloses a service which links an e-mail system with a telephone system. The system retrieves all e-mail corresponding to a particular phone number to be automatically displayed when a telephone call to the particular phone number is placed or received.

U.S. Patent No. 5,812,776 to Gifford discloses a method for a user to access web pages by either using a telephone number or descriptive term relating to the searching company or product. However, this system only retrieves the web page without further processing or analysis.

Although many of these prior art systems permit a user to access websites based upon selected information, these systems do not permit users to capture selected portions of those websites for further processing.

SUMMARY

The present invention includes a data table that can be customizable by a user prior to accessing the internet or after accessing the internet. The user may use a simple keyword, such as a telephone number or facsimile number, to begin the search of a database or multiple databases. Once the keyword has retrieved the proper information, the system populates the table. This permits the user to easily access the internet and retrieve e-mail

addresses or other relevant information by providing a phone number, facsimile number or other information relating to the particular entity.

Using the data table, the system displays all information related to the keyword input as unique individual identifiers such as e-mail, phone, facsimile number or website address.

- 5 Selecting one of the unique individual identifiers prompts the system to automatically invoke further action, such as dialing a phone number.

Accordingly, it is an objective of the present invention to use a keyword, such as a phone number or facsimile number, as the primary search keyword to retrieve information from the internet and store the information in a format desired by the user.

10 **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

Figure 1 is an overview of the internet.

Figure 2A is a flow diagram illustrating a regular e-mail sending procedure.

15 **Figure 2B** is a diagram illustrating the different ways to retrieve e-mail address by the prior art and the present invention.

Figures 3A-3F are diagrams illustrating internet database access through phone number or facsimile number search.

20 **Figures 4A-4G** are detailed screen displays of a user interface to the present invention.

Figures 5A-5F are detailed screen displays of the system including a data table for selectively retrieving and displaying data in accordance with the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The present invention will be described with reference to the drawing figures where like numerals represent like elements throughout.

SuS 137 Referring to **Figure 1**, a plurality of networks **15, 25, 35** and web pages **40** and **50** are shown connected to the internet **5**. A first user **10** is a resident on a first network **15** and a second user **20** is a resident on a second network **25**. Even if the two networks **15, 25** are different types of networks, (for example if network **15** is an Ethernet-based Novell network and network **25** is a token ring-based Microsoft Window NT network), utilizing the internet **5** the users **10, 20** may communicate via e-mail and perform file transfers. This is achieved by each network **15, 25, 35** converting outgoing data into a standard format such as SMTP, and converting incoming data from the standard format into the format for the particular network **15, 25, 35**. By specifying a particular e-mail address or a designated web address, an internet user **10, 20** may compose and transmit an e-mail and the internet **5** will automatically route the e-mail to the particular user, or automatically route the desired content of the web page **40, 50** to the requesting user.

The present invention is a system which can run as a module or as part of an application utilized by an internet service provider (ISP), may interface with various kinds of software applications or may run as a "stand alone" package. It may be accessed using various interfacing devices such as a keyboard and mouse. For example, in one embodiment, selecting an icon displayed on a monitor screen activates the present invention.

Sub A⁴7 Referring to the flow diagram of **Figure 2A**, utilizing a typical e-mail application, a sender logs onto the internet (**step 105**) by issuing an internet login request with his/her computer device to the ISP. The ISP verifies the validity of the user ID and password (**step 110**). If either the user ID or the password are incorrect (**step 115**), no access to the internet will be granted by the ISP. If the user ID and password are correct, the ISP connects the user to the internet **5**. When the sender is ready to send an e-mail, the sender invokes the e-mail application (**step 120**) and creates a new e-mail (**step 125**) or replies to a received e-mail (**step 130**). The sender can directly enter the receiver's e-mail address if it is known (**step 140**). Otherwise, the sender can open and view an existing e-mail database (**step 145**), such as an address book, to determine if it contains the receiver's e-mail address. If the receiver's e-mail address is found (**step 160**), the sender writes the message (**step 165**) and sends the e-mail (**step 170**).

Sub A⁵7 If the sender does not know, and cannot find the receiver's e-mail address from the database of e-mail addresses, then the sender has three alternatives (**step 155**). As shown **15** in **Figure 2B**, in the first alternative the e-mail process is abandoned (**step 160**). In the second alternative the sender may access an online directory service (**step 165**) and retrieve the corresponding e-mail address by specifying various keywords (**step 166**) and searching a database (**step 167**). The keywords can be the receiver's name, address, URL or other unique identifying information. This alternative can be invoked from a calling program **20** whereby the online directory service will return the proper e-mail address to the sender (**step**

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168). The third alternative activates the present invention (**step 170**), whereby the user inputs the receiver's phone number or facsimile number as the keyphrase (**step 171**) to search the database for the receiver's e-mail address (**step 172**). The system then returns the search results to the user (**step 173**) to populate the data table. This procedure will be described in greater detail hereinafter.

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Referring to **Figure 3A**, the system of the present invention has "intelligent" features which makes the search for an e-mail address or other unique individual identifiers transparent to the user. For example, instead of using separate input fields for e-mail addresses, phone numbers, facsimile numbers or website addresses, the screen display has only a single input field **181**. A user can type in an e-mail address, website address, phone number or facsimile number into the input field, then select the **GO 182** button in **Figure 3A**. If the search results in more than one match based on more than one unique keyword selected, the system may prompt the user to narrow down or select one of the matches. For example, if the user selects a keyword such as 1-800-CALL-NOW, the system may return with two different results: 1) a phone number; and 2) a website. The user is prompted to choose whether the key phrase is a website or a phone number. The system could then do a search based on the additional information and search again. Alternatively, the system may display all selections for the user to choose.

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Referring to **Figure 3B**, the user can further input area code **183** or country code **184** for this particular phone or facsimile number as an option and select the GO button **185** to invoke the application.

The present invention will search all relevant databases and retrieve relevant information that matches the specified key phrase. For example, a user inputs John Smith's phone number, 601-212-1125 (the dashes "-" can be created automatically by the system), in the input field **181** then selects the **GO** button **182** and the system searches for the phone number.

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Referring to **Figure 3C**, the system retrieves relevant information from one or multiple databases and displays all information that exists for the individual in the customized table including John's name, John Smith's e-mail address, phone number and facsimile number **188-195**. The system retrieves this information based on the headings of the retrieve and display table. Because John Smith doesn't have a website address, the table indicates that the website not available **195**. In one embodiment, a user can create different display tables or modify existing ones. Alternatively, the invention may display the information without a table.

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A simplified retrieve and display table **300** is shown in **Table 1**. This retrieve and display table includes fields such as name, e-mail address, mobile phone number, home phone number, work phone number, facsimile number and home address.

Name
E-Mail
Mobile Phone Number
Phone Number (Home)
Phone Number (Work)
Fax Number
Home Address

Table 1

If a user selected Table 1 as the retrieve and display table and inputs John's phone number or facsimile number as the search keyword, the system searches through relevant databases and retrieves John's name, e-mail address, mobile phone number, home phone number, work phone number, facsimile number and home address and displays them as shown in **Figure 3D**. If a displayed item can lead to further action, the system indicates such. One manner is having a circular area displayed in front of the item which a user can select to invoke the further action. For example, referring back to **Figure 3D**, John's e-mail address, mobile phone number, home phone number, work phone number and facsimile number all have the circular area **196, 197, 198 and 199** which precedes each item. A user can decide whether he wants to send John an e-mail, call John at his home, work or mobile phone or send a facsimile (by downloading the file to be faxed), by selecting the corresponding circular area. Alternatively, red or blue contrasting lettering may be used to indicate further action is available by clicking on the same.

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The system interfaces with software modules that do the activity such as e-mail, call by phone or send a facsimile, or may incorporate its own module to do such. If a user and an individual being called both have equipment that permits video web phone applications, the system may automatically invoke the application in such a manner. The system permits 5 an individual to use their e-mail address as their phone number or fax number, thereby permitting individuals to call or fax other individuals over the internet. The system can use an e-mail address as the keyword to then allow someone to chose options such as "phone", "facsimile" etc. The system can also use an individual's e-mail address to provide their corresponding physical address, such as their home address. The present invention retrieves 10 information from relevant databases, either from the internet or a local computer, and displays results according to the retrieve and display table. The system can be expanded to include other unique identifiers such as pager numbers, cell phone numbers, vacation home phone numbers. If an item includes more than one selection, for example if there are multiple vacation phone numbers for the particular user, the system can list all possible 15 selections and provide a pull down manual for further selections.

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The present invention is flexible in permitting a user to invoke the system even if the user is using an application, for example, a user is in the middle of composing an e-mail. The same user can invoke the system to make a phone call or send a facsimile to the same or other designations.

Referring back to **Figure 3C**, another embodiment of the system, will invoke other applications either to direct dial the selected phone number for the user, dial and send a facsimile to the selected facsimile number, access the website or invoke an e-mail application. In the case where dialing a phone number or facsimile number is selected, if the phone number or facsimile number is shared by one organization, the organization directory can be further retrieved if the user has permission to access. This will be explained in greater detail below.

Su^v A⁽³⁾ 7 Referring to **Figure 3E**, for example, a user inputs company XYZ's main phone number or facsimile number as the search keyword (i.e., unique individual identifier), the system displays a retrieved list of individuals at the organization with their individual e-mail addresses, and their title or specific information. Each name or department may be listed and followed by a field that provides basic information such as one's title, location, department etc. This information field may be maintained and size altered to accommodate a person's or company's needs. For example, one person's title may be "customer service". The user can select the desired method of contact such as selecting an e-mail address from the member list of the organization. Of course, the retrieved and displayed information is based on the user requested and the restriction a data base owner/company puts on its database.

If an individual or organization desires to be "unpublished" system can allow such.

Su^v A⁽⁴⁾ 7 For example, a user searches the main phone number of XYZ company inquiring a home address and e-mail address. Even though XYZ company has all of its employees'

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home addresses, XYZ company only allows certain designated employees' names and their e-mail addresses to be accessed, not their home address unless a person requesting the information has "priority access". Therefore, the user can see the display of employee names and e-mail addresses, while employees' home addresses are not available as shown in **Figure 3E**. Individuals or companies setting up their database may determine different priority access levels for family, friends or employees. The system allows this to be set up on an individual basis, family basis or employee basis and can require for security reasons that a user accessing the database information to submit his e-mail address or password for access.

If XYZ is a franchise or chain store, the retrieved information can include information about other local, regional or national stores, such as location, phone numbers or website address, as shown in **Figure 3F**. For example, if the user inputs one of the phone numbers of BEST BUY electronic stores in the Philadelphia area, the system will retrieve the address, phone number, and facsimile number of the particular BEST BUY store and display them. The system will phrase the user's input to decide whether the input is an e-mail, phone number, facsimile number or website address. If the user only entered a seven digit number, phone number or facsimile number then selected the phone or facsimile buttons, the system automatically prompts for the area code. A user can use the area code or country code option to specify the area where the search shall cover. The system may allow all area codes to be selected by input wildcard "*" in the area code field.

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In an alternative embodiment, cell phones, home phones, vacation phones, separate work phones for husbands and wives, pagers and all e-mail addresses (i.e., work or home) may all be included in the table as well. Any of these items, or future "communication" devices, could be sorted under one of five or more designated headings as follows: 1) name; 5 2) e-mail address; 3) website address; 4) phone number; and 5) facsimile number. For example, if government, medical or banking institutions chose to use an individuals' social security number as the major search key phrase, the system would interface with their database and, using the search key phrase, retrieve the requested information. For example, banks have various financial information sorted by credit cards, mortgages, bank accounts etc. Medical information can sort by entire medical history by doctor or types of injuries or diseases/sicknesses from existing internet database organized with other key phrases.

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10 The present invention permits a user to "surf the net" faster by providing an improved way of accessing the internet for general uses. If a user knows one particular information about a company, they can retrieve the company's phone number, facsimile number, e-mail number and website address, upon entering the particular information or description (i.e., unique individual identifier). If any information is not available for access or does not exist 15 there, the system responds with either information is unavailable message or information may not exist message to the user.

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20 If multiple "main" phone numbers, facsimile numbers, e-mail addresses or web addresses are retrieved, the system will first display phone number, then facsimile number,

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e-mail address and website address sorted in alphabetical order, but will first display 800 numbers and ".com" website addresses if they exist, and advise a user to select an option (down arrow) for more. If a user selects to send e-mail, a pull down menu can provide the user with an alphabetical sort of all individuals names with their home or work e-mail addresses along with a brief description such as name, title and location (if there are multiple business locations).

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An alternative embodiment of the invention having a graphical user interface (GUI) is shown in **Figure 4A**. An icon **210** displayed on a monitor screen **205** represents the present invention and is used to invoke the system. Assuming that the database of the present invention and/or the local database have been established, by directing a pointer to the icon **210** and selecting the icon, the system is invoked. A first embodiment of the invention using the GUI is shown in **Figure 4B**. Referring back to **Figure 4B**, the database can be selected by directly entering the name of the database, or selecting from an ISP database or a local database. By pointing and clicking on the option pull down menu area **235**, the list of databases **235** will be displayed as shown in **Figure 4G**. The user can select the database from which he or she will retrieve information. Once the user completes the selection of both the key phrase and the database, the user can select the **GO** icon **240**. The results of the search based on the specified web address, e-mail address, phone number or facsimile number will be displayed **245** as shown in **Figure 4E**. The user can view the

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-100
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-250
-300
-350
-400
-450
-500

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display and select the correct entity. Alternatively, the system may, transparent to the user, merge all databases into one so that the user does not have to choose a particular database.

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For example, if one database is created for a geographical area such as Philadelphia or New York, the system may merge the data and store in a single database that is searchable and retrievable. Optionally, the system may search all databases without being required to copy or reclass the information. Other valuable classifications may also be made, (such as a database for attorneys, a database for accountants, a database for retail companies, a database for technical companies and all other types of industries).

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The system may provide the first level of information from its own database or subdatabase, a local database and, if additional information is requested, link to a company's database at the second level. The system may obtain the first level of information by using web-traversing program called robots or spiders which follow link after link within webpages across the internet. The web-traversing programs catalog documents and store information for transmission to a parent database, where the information is sifted, categorized and stored. After a web-traversing program has run, the database compiled through the efforts of the robots and spiders is searched using a database management system. Using keywords or search terms provided by a user, our system's database locates matches.

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Referring back to **Figure 4B**, the screen displayed **215** requires two inputs from the user: the key phrase **220** and the database to be searched **230**. The key phrase **220** can be

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a phone number, a facsimile number, an e-mail address or a web address. By pointing and clicking on the pull down menu option area **225**, the screen display **226** as shown in **Figure 4C** is shown. The screen includes four key phrase types; 1) e-mail address **227**; 2) telephone number **228**; 3) facsimile number **229**; and 4) web address **230**. Additional key phrase "types" may be defined by the user. For example, "name" may be used as a fifth key phrase. The phone number and facsimile number may be combined for search purposes.

In the case where a phone number or a facsimile number is entered, the default designated county and area code for the phone number or the facsimile number is the same country and area code as the individual's ISP unless the user enters the area code and/or country code. The user may alternatively specify other country and area codes by pointing and clicking on the pull down menu option areas **232**, **233**. As shown in **Figure 4D**, a list of countries **234** will be displayed. The user can select the designated country from the list **234** by clicking on same, and the corresponding country code will be incorporated into the phone number or the facsimile number. The user can select a designated area code in the same manner from the list **234** by clicking on same, and the corresponding area code will be incorporated into the phone number and facsimile number.

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In another embodiment of this invention, as shown in **Figure 4F**, the screen display **255** further provides the user the option to select from sending e-mail **260**, sending a facsimile **262**, connecting a phone call **264** or accessing a website **266**. This information can be continually displayed as the user is surfing the internet the information automatically

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changes in the table as the user retrieves new webpages. Optionally, once the relating information has been retrieved from the database and displayed on the screen, the user can select the desired one, then another display menu will pop up. Of course, a user can search and retrieve relevant information based on the content of the customized retrieve and display table. Nevertheless, in this example, only e-mail, facsimile numbers, phone numbers and website addresses are requested and displayed. The pop up menu offers four different selections in this example. A user can either send an e-mail by selecting the e-mail option, or sending a facsimile by selecting the facsimile selection, by connecting the phone call to the receiver, or, at last, connecting to the worldwide website by pointing and clicking the corresponding menu selections. If the retrieve and display is customized to display local telephone numbers, fax numbers, e-mail numbers, etc., the system in conjunction with the ISP and website can do such.

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Referring to **Figure 5A**, the system utilizes key phrases **500** and a retrieve and display table **502** in order to improve the manner in which a user accesses the internet. The criteria for the search and the format of the information resulting therefrom can be entirely user-defined. The search criteria are based upon the key phrase **500**. The results of the search populate the retrieve and display table **502** comprising columns **504** and rows **502**. The columns **504_{a-n}** may be defined by the user as shown in **Figure 5B**.

Referring to **Figure 5B**, the user accesses a screen which lists both the key phrase **500** and table headings **510**. As the user selects the different table headings **510**, (for example,

business phone number, extension, name and title), the corresponding columns **504_{a-d}** appear in the table **502**. The user can select from the plurality of predefined table headings **510**, or may create their own headings and customize the table **502** according to their needs. In this manner, the system permits users to use one or more key phrases to obtain results in a systematic and organized fashion according to their needs. This is significantly different than present search engines which provide results in descending order of matching with the key words. The system will be explained in greater detail with reference to the following example.

247 Referring to **Figure 5C**, the key phrase **500** that has been selected is Cisco. The table **502** includes the table headings **510**, (shown in **Figure 5B**), name, business facsimile number, homepage, e-mail address, business phone number and stock symbol which provide the headings for the six columns **504_{a-f}**. After the user has input Cisco for the key phrase **500** and has created the table **502**, they can select among three options within the activity menu **520**. As will be explained in further detail, the three options are ADDITIONAL INFORMATION **522**, GO THERE (i.e., perform function) **524**, and SEARCH **526**. In order to initiate the search, the cursor **528** is moved to the SEARCH button **526** and selected. The search could also be automatic upon highlighting a specific cell and depressing the "return" button on the keyboard or double-clicking the mouse on the specific cell. Referring to **Figure 5D**, the search results populate the cells in the first row **508_a**. As shown, a search is performed for the information that most closely matches the key phrase and also the

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particular columns **504_{a-f}**. In the embodiment that is shown, the system returns only the most relevant search results and places them in the cells in a single row **508_a**. Optionally, if additional information is available, such as multiple responses to the particular query, the ADDITIONAL INFORMATION button **522** is highlighted. If the user desires additional information regarding all columns **504_{a-f}**, the cursor **528** is moved to the ADDITIONAL INFORMATION button **522** and selected. This results in the table **502** shown in **Figure 5E**. In this table **502**, the cells in additional rows **508_{b-d}** are populated if additional information for the particular column **504_{a-f}** is available. As shown in **Figure 5E**, additional information was available for this business facsimile number, e-mail address and business phone number column **504_b**, **504_d**, **504_e**. In this manner, a user can more easily get specific information regarding the departments or personnel that they wish to contact.

Referring back to **Figure 5D**, the system indicates that additional information is available for selected fields by providing "down arrow" selection buttons **550_{a-d}**. In this manner, if a user wants additional information only regarding a specific column, the user 15 selects the down arrow **550_{a-d}** associated with that column. For example, if the user wants more information regarding the e-mail addresses **504_d**, they select the down arrow **550_c**. Only the additional information associated with that column **504_d** will be presented. However, if the user selected down arrow **550_a** for more information regarding Cisco Systems, this also results in the table **502** shown in **Figure 5E**. Optionally, the user can

select a particular cell, such as cell 552, and double-click on it to perform the particular function, which in this case is sending an e-mail.

Sub A²⁵ The user may also perform a subsearch, which uses the results of the earlier searches to further refine the search. For example, referring again to **Figure 5E**, once all of the information for a particular key phrase has been obtained, the user may wish to further refine the results of their search. If the user desires to get more information regarding the customer service department's facsimile number, they move the cursor to the customer service cell 531 in column 504_b in row 508_d. If the user desires more information regarding the customer service department, they can select cell 530 which becomes highlighted as shown, the cursor 528 is moved to the SEARCH button 526. As shown, the SEARCH button 526 has changed to indicate that the system is undertaking a further search using a new selected key phrase. The KEY PHRASE FURTHER SEARCH button 526 now includes the further key phrase "customer service". Accordingly, the KEY PHRASE FURTHER SEARCH button 526 is selected which results in the table shown in **Figure 5F**. Since the key phrase is now 15 customer service, the system populates the table 502 with the results of the that key word search. As shown in **Figure 5F**, the user can also modify the table 502 before or after they depress the KEY PHRASE FURTHER SEARCH button 526. In the example shown in Figures 5E and 5F, the user deleted column 504_f including stock symbol and added the column 504_h including the extension number, and deleted column 504_c for the homepage 20 and added column 504_i with the title of the person. Accordingly, a table shown in **Figure**

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5F shows all of the information that user believes is relevant for their search on the personnel within the customer service department of Cisco.

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As understood by those of skill in the art, the system may display a single row **508** at a time, (for example, row **508_a** shown in Figure 5E), and provide up and down arrows to scroll through all of the choices. Alternatively, only the cells that are populated are returned to the user. If the user would like to select a particular person to speak to, such as Kate Skubin, the group director of customer service, the user can move the cursor **528** to column **504_h** which lists the extension numbers for all of the employees. The user can then select the cell in first row **502_a** of that column which lists the extension number for Ms. Skubin. Once this cell **542** has been highlighted, the cursor is then moved down to the GO THERE button **524**. The GO THERE button **524** will change as shown in **Figure 5F** to include the words "click to call". It should be noted that the selection of a particular cell for an extension will dial that extension if the user is on the same company phone system. Otherwise, the user would select a column heading such as direct inward dial (DID) number.

This permits customers and other people "outside" the company's phone system to contact the personnel directly. It should be noted that the GO THERE button **524** will change depending on the action to be taken. For example, when the GO THERE button **524** is selected, the system places a call directly with Ms. Skubin. In the same manner, Ms. Skubin may be e-mailed or faxed depending upon the cell which is selected.

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Although the present invention is designed to search and retrieve information over the internet, one embodiment of the invention builds a local database for search and retrieval using the standard selection heading shown in **Figure 5B**. As explained earlier, web crawlers, robots or spiders are used to populate the main level of the database. The main level will be referred to hereinafter as "level 1". This can be graphically represented by **508_a** in **Figure 5D**. For example, a webcrawler searching the web and accessing webpages may be able to find a company's name, e-mail address, home page and phone number. The system may access other unrelated databases, such as an on-line financial database, to ascertain other information regarding the company, such as the company's stock symbol.

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Alternatively, the data may be selectively input by companies that wish to participate and utilize the database services. For example, the data may be input manually by a company's employee, subcontractors and agents, and forwarded enmasse to a central website maintained for the purposes of creating a master database. The information in the database can then be available to all users to download to their local database. If a company participates in this manner, it may select from among the table headings in **Figure 5B** and can create new headings. If standard table headings such as shown in **Figure 5B** are not used, the headings created by a particular company must be correlated with the standard headings or new standard headings created to accommodate the entries by that company. Accordingly, the system provides the option of providing users with blank tables and

Sub A²⁸ selecting from among standardized headings, or permitting users to create their own headings.

Sub A²⁹ For example, if a company wanted to have "president's office" on the first level with a phone number, fax number and e-mail address, they can customize the table headings prior to entering the information. The user can select "create customized heading" as shown in the table headings **510** of **Figure 5B**. Alternatively, when a user is searching the information from a particular company, the table headings may note which field, if any, were created by the actual company. Further, when searching, a user can query the system to provide all applicable table headings available for a particular keyword (i.e., person or company).

Sub A³⁰ When the system provides a "blank table" for the user to utilize, the system provides a level 1 table with a standard heading, (i.e., a table with multiple columns and one row). The table may then be modified and further customized as desired. Down arrows may be used to add subsequent levels, (i.e., additional rows). The system may only permit one row for level 1 and multiple rows of information for subsequent levels. These rows may correspond to a division, department or other organizational structure pertaining to the company.

Subsequent levels for a company will be for smaller and smaller business units until the names of individual personnel populate the rows. Along with the individual names, the user also creates each individual's title. Basically, the system may permit users to switch

from column table headings to row table headings and vice versa. Column table headings 510 are shown in **Figure 5B**. Row table headings 508_{a-d} are shown in **Figure 5E**. Upon populating a database, the flexibility between the column table headings 510 and the row table headings 508_{a-d} permits users to enter information into the blank table by either the row or the column, whichever is more convenient for the user. If a user querying the system had the proper access, the user may have the system provide all column headings or row headings available for a particular keyword (i.e., company) to allow the user to quickly retrieve or process the information desired.

The centralized database, for example a database accessible via a website, can be maintained by a centralized database management staff or by users with proper passwords. Individual companies may create and maintain their own local database, but permit the database to be searched, via a link to the website. If the centralized database is linked in such a manner to an individual company's database, the system automatically searches the company's database when users query for information from this database. If a company maintains their own database linked to the centralized database, the centralized database management staff does not have the ability to change the actual data.

When a user wants to input information into the centralized database, they must be provided with access to the database. The system may be accessed directly by the user or by following a link to the website. For example, one website may have the URL 20 ReachPeople.com. The name Reach People™ is a trademark of the applicant.

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If the user is entering data into the centralized database for the first time, the user is prompted to provide specific information, such as filling in a blank table. In order to ensure the quality and traceability of the information, a method is provided to validate the information. In one embodiment, the user's ISP authenticates the user and confirms the user's e-mail address. In another embodiment, upon entering data, the user is prompted for a method of contact that the user prefers. The user is also prompted for a user name and password. For example, if the user desires to be contacted by e-mail, phone or facsimile, they enter such a preference. Once the user completes the entering of data, the system generates a transaction number and associates that transaction number with each cell of data that the user has entered. The system then sends the transaction number to the user via the particular method of contact chosen by the user. For example, if the user chose to be contacted by e-mail, the system e-mails the transaction number to the user. This completes the input procedure. However, information input into the system is unavailable to other users until the information is validated.

15 ~~317~~ In order to validate the information, the user must log onto the system with their username and password and input the transaction number. All of the information associated with that transaction number will be "released" to all of the users using the centralized database. If the user does not validate the information by providing the transaction number after a predetermined period of time, (which is set by the centralized database management

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staff), all of the data associated with the particular transaction number is purged from the system.

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The present invention also provides a method for changing information in the centralized database. The user enters their username and password, and inputs the transaction number. Should the user not provide the correct transaction number and password, the user cannot gain access to making changes. The user will be able to edit all data associated with the transaction number. The system will track and store all data, associated transaction numbers and times, dates and usernames that changed the data. This ensures direct accountability for all data changes. After the user edits the data, the user clicks on "update".

CONTINUATION SHEET

In an alternative embodiment, the system may permit information to be retrieved from, or sent from, anyone without placing any restriction on the user. In this embodiment, a user may become an information supplier and enter unreliable information into the system through the internet.

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The system has the ability to run various reports and delete selected information at any time as measures to verify the accuracy of supplied information. The system can automatically review its data files for inconsistency. The system can automatically use available communication means to contact the information supplier about the inconsistency of the information and request the information supplier confirm the accuracy of the supplied information. For example, if an individual is contacted by an e-mail for the confirmation,

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the user can respond by e-mail. If the user receives a phone call for confirmation, the system may have an automatic voice system to explain the purpose of the phone call and ask for confirmation on questioned information regarding information in each field in the table. The information supplier can either respond by voice input or manual selection through the telephone button set to acknowledge, correct, incorrect or change. Optionally, before the system makes changes, the system can then block modification to how it received the new information as well as how it receive the original information. When the blocked information is further verified, the system will release such information for modification.

The system also has the ability to self-correct the content of its database. For example, the system can update its existing phone numbers to a new phone number in its database if a call to the original phone is placed and the operator advises that there is a new phone number. If there is no forwarding phone number, the system may attempt to re-verify the information by attempting to contact the individual by using one or all of the communication means (i.e., e-mail, fax etc.). If the system makes contact, the system allows the incorrect information to be modified.

In an alternative embodiment, each user can build their own database about themselves and provide a link to the centralized database. The system will search the centralized database for desired information and also any local databases which are linked in such a manner. Those of skill in the art should realize that there are many current methods for linking databases across the internet, and the manner of linking the databases

is not central to the present invention. A local database may remain only in the user's local computer system. Alternatively, the database may be maintained at the user's internet service provider but may only be accessible when the user is online. A user may set certain restrictions and block selected information, such as credit card information from further 5 modifications. Generally, it can specify certain mandatory basic information that a user has to supply under certain circumstances. The basic information such as the user's name, address, telephone number, "ship to" address (if different than the user's address), credit card number, e-mail address, zip code for mailing purposes, personal profile such as likes, dislikes, age, nicknames, sports, etc.

10 For example, for online shopping, a user must provide credit card information upon placing an order. In essence, the system can use an established standard format to overlay the data file information into the various fields of a particular website, upon an icon being selected (for example, when a user purchases something). The website may display all information automatically filled in and/or may only prompt the fields that did not match the 15 data file fields, consequently remaining "blank", allowing the user to fill in manually. The term "table" as used in the present invention represents array of key phrases, since each cell in a table may form the basis of a further search.

In an alternative embodiment, the retrieve and display table may continually appear or be requested by the user to appear when the user is "surfing the web". Once the user 20 invokes the software, the content of the retrieve and display table will be automatically

retrieved and updated accordingly. If the user wanted to e-mail, phone or facsimile, the user would simply click the corresponding icon to do so.

Sub A³⁴ It should be noted that a "wildcard" can be used as part of searching phone numbers or facsimile numbers. For example, telephone number 215-756-32** can be used as keyword to search all the phone numbers or facsimile numbers between 215-756-3200 to 215-756-3299. Or if 215-756-3*45 is used for the keyword, then the system will retrieve the 10 phone number's or facsimile number's related to 3045, 3145, 3245, ...,3945.

Sub B³⁵ Although the input devices such as keyboard and mouse are used in this specification for explanation purpose, other input methods or devices such as voice input device or touch screen device can also be used with the present invention.

The present invention can be used as the base for a future internet search engine or directory. A user, by providing phone numbers or facsimile numbers can quickly access all information on the internet and retrieve the information as he specified. Therefore, a user can surf the internet more efficiently.

15 Although the invention has been described in part by making detailed reference to the preferred embodiment, such detail is intended to be instructive rather than restrictive. It will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that many variations may be made in the structure and mode of operation without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as disclosed in the teachings herein.

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